

Florida Arborist

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CAN WE VACCINATE TREES TO PROTECT AGAINST DISEASES?

by Dr. G. Percival, Bartlett Tree Research Laboratory

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PART 2: PUTTING SCIENCE INTO PRACTICE

Part 1 was published in the Fall 2017 Florida Arborist

Introduction

In the previous edition of Ontario Arborist, the author spoke about the science behind the theory of boosting a tree's own immune system i.e. vaccinating a tree, to protect against tree pests and diseases. In this edition the author talks about putting the science learnt into practice.

Vaccinating trees using soil amendments

Given the fact that previous research demonstrated trees defense systems could be promoted by applying amendments into the soil, and with funding secured from the TREE FUND, Hyland Johns Grant "Can Soil Amendments Reduce Disease Severity in Trees?" research at the Bartlett Tree Research Laboratory now aimed to evaluate four potentially powerful, stable and non-toxic soil amendments singly and in combination. These included, chitin, phosphites, biochar (a form of activated charcoal) and pure mulches i.e. a mulch made from a single tree species such as willow or eucalyptus. Importantly most of the products tested (biochar, chitin, mulch) are derived from waste materials that would otherwise go to landfill.

Chitin

Chitin is a naturally occurring constituent of fungal cell walls that can also be sourced from waste crustacean (crabs. lobsters, crayfish, and shrimp) shells. Application of chitin or a derivative known as chitosan, has been shown to enhance bio-control efficacy when applied to soils in combination with other bio-control fungi (Trichoderma) and bacteria (Bacillus). Applied alone, chitin and chitosan have shown potential for the control of soil borne diseases. Chitin acts as a "food" source in soils, stimulating soil microorganisms to release chitinolytic enzymes to break down the chitin molecule. An increased level of soil chitinolytic enzymes aids in the suppression of pathogenic fungi such as Rhizobium and Fusarium root rots, while the increase in chitinolytic bacteria such as

Vaccinate continued on page 4

A Message From the President



Florida Chapter ISA Members,

It's been a year?

It's been a great year!

Representing the Chapter as the 2017 president has been a challenging yet rewarding experience. I was able to work along with the current board of directors to continue the work of our previous

president Bonnie Marshall, as well as move forward with several of my own goals and objectives which I believe will help the Chapter's continued success in the future.

At our recent board meeting, the board of directors approved the ballot to elect members of the Florida Chapter board for 2018. The ballot included the new Climber/Production Arborist Representative seat. This will be a three-year commitment and the representative elected will support the climbers in our Chapter. This person will also work with the newly created Climber Committee to address the needs of this division of our industry including member benefits and education.

We are continuing to work with ISA International developing the new Pruning Credential. The purpose of this credential is to instruct those who touch trees how to prune trees according to the most current industry standards. The hope is to offer this credential not only to improve tree work but to also provide a more universal program that municipalities could adopt as requirements in their municipal boundaries.

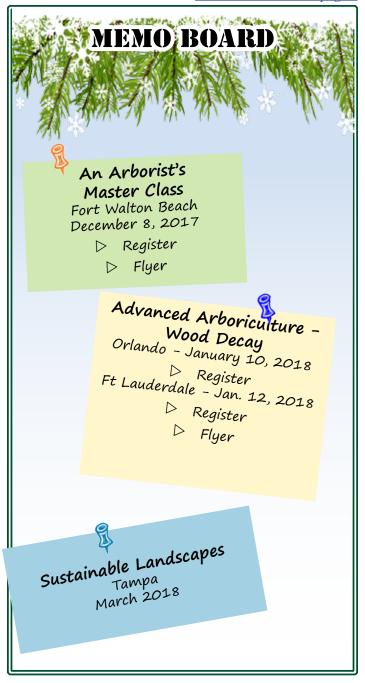
Our committees are also moving forward. Bonnie Marshall, Chair of the Ad-hoc By-laws Committee, reported that the committee is well underway of completing the task of updating, revising and streamlining our current by-laws and policies. Ed Gilman, Chair of the Grant Committee, led the discussion which resulted in the board voting to approve a grant for research to determine the Texas Phoenix Palm Decline vector. During the Education Committee report it was stated, "Although it was not easy based on the success of Trees Florida 2017, the 2018 schedule will prove to be as good or better."

Unfortunately, due to Hurricane Irma we were forced to postpone the Outdoor Tree School (OTS) and the Florida Tree Climbing Championship (FLTCC). These events will be rescheduled to take place in February of

2018. If you have not attended the FLTCC I encourage you to attend and get involved. The FLTCC is a great opportunity to experience the overall skills, athleticism and sportsmanship of the climbers in our industry.

Even though this is my final message as president of the Florida Chapter, my dedication persists. Next year I will work alongside the incoming president, Scott Shultz to ensure the continued success of my initiatives and help him

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reach his goals for the Chapter.

As president you start the year with specific objectives in mind and you work with the board, committees and staff to meet your goals. I personally thank each of you along with the membership for your support and dedication. I am very passionate about this organization and I can only hope that I

met and exceeded your expectations during my year as president when it counted most.



President, Florida Chapter ISA

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Vaccinate continued from page 1

Bacillus licheniformis, Stenotrophomonas maltophilia, and B. thuringiensis aid in the control of Oomycetes such as Phytophthora cactorum. Recently, chitosan has also shown potential as an insecticide, controlling a range of aphid species and lepidopteran pests via ingestion of foliage with chitosan either applied to the leaf surface or translocated within the vascular system of a plant.

Biochar



(Photograph 1) Several articles show soil fertility and quality are improved with the addition of biochar. As well as altering the physical and chemical properties of the soil around the rhizosphere, biochar also alters the biological dynamics of a soil through several mechanisms. Biochar is initially sterile and therefore has no indigenous populations

of microorganisms. Instead, the physical structure of the biochar encourages colonization by various arbuscular mycorrhizal fungi, nematodes and bacteria. Biochar adsorbs humic acid, which is used as sustenance by soil microbes, and humic acid adsorbs fertilizers, preventing them from leaching out of the soil. Roots can access this stored fertilizer. Numbers of plant-enhancing microorganisms, such as Trichoderma, are boosted in soils amended with biochar. Studies have shown a significant interaction between biochar and Fusarium oxysporum that strongly reduces disease severity. Recent research has shown that soil-applied biochar also induces resistance to the fungal diseases such as Botrytis cinerea (gray mold), Leveillula taurica (powdery mildew) as well as the insect mite pest Polyphagotarsonemus latus. Zwart and Kim (2012) identified that a 5% biochar application (by soil volume) resulted in a significantly greater stem biomass in A. rubrum compared with plants inoculated with Phyophthora cinnamomi, suggesting that biochar amendment has the potential to alleviate disease progression and physiological stress caused by Phytophthora canker. It has also been suggested that the Vaccinate continued on page 7





Florida Chapter Board Updates

BOARD SHORTS:

2017 CHAPTER GRANT AWARDS



The Florida Chapter ISA board of directors approved two Chapter grants to be awarded for 2017. Congratulations to the following recipients of a Florida Chapter Grant:

- Epidemiology of Texas Phoenix Palm Decline (TPPD) in Florida Vector (Brian W. Bahder, Ph.D.)
- Assessing Tree Risk Assessment Impact of the Method and Time Frame or Risk Assessment (Dr. Andrew Koeser and Ryan Klein, MS/Doctoral Student)

Grant proposals for 2018 will be accepted from January 15, 2018 and April 1, 2018. Updated application forms will be available at http://www.floridaisa.org

THANK YOU FOR YOUR SERVICE TO THE FLORIDA CHAPTER



There are several board members who will be rotating off the Florida Chapter board at the end of 2016. Many thanks for all your time, energy and guidance that you provided during the past year, or longer. Your input is much appreciated

by the entire membership.

Thank you to

- Bonnie Marshall Past President
- Matt Anderson At large
- Bill Armstrong Commercial Representative
- Rob Calley Climbing Representative
- Jeremy Chancey At large
- Adam Jackson Treasurer
- Rick Joyce Grower Representative



Vaccinate continued from page 4

beneficial microorganisms encouraged by biochar application could produce antibiotics to directly affect bacterial plant pathogens. Ultimately, biochar offers potential to be used in conjunction with other biologicals to increase treatment efficacy.

Phosphites

Inorganic phosphite salts are a family of potential plant protection agents. When applied to plants as a foliar spray or soil drench phosphites exhibit two modes of action; acting directly on the disease and indirectly by stimulating plant host defence responses, such as the accumulation of plant antibodies (phytoalexins), hypersensitive cell death, cell wall lignification and formation of lytic enzymes that in turn inhibit pathogen growth. Research has found potassium phosphite salts to be effective in the control of Oomycetes such as Phytophthora root rot and canker pathogens, fungal pathogens such as Venturia inaequalis (apple scab) and pathogenic bacteria such as Erwinia amylovora (apple fire blight) and Pseudomonas syringae pv aesculi (bacterial bleeding canker).

Pure Mulches

Studies have shown mulches can provide an integral cultural control method for suppressing disease development of several plant diseases. Cellulose forms part of the component of the primary cell wall of green plants acting as a structural polymer to provide plant rigidity. Following the application of a mulch to a soil surface the concomitant microbial and fungal population build-up promotes a reservoir of enzymatic activity such as cellulase and laminarinase to induce mulch decomposition. Cellulose microfibrils in Phytophthora cell walls are susceptible to enzymatic destruction particularly by cellulases present in mulch litter layers that cause cell wall lysis and, by default, a subsequent reduction in Phytophthora pathogen severity. In addition, mulches also contain a variety of soil microbes that can exert biological control over soil borne pathogens, either through resource competition or antibiosis (production of antibodies). Limited studies exist focusing on the efficacy of mulches derived solely from one tree species, defined as pure mulch on suppression of diseases. However, information available indicates the use of a pure mulch can have a powerful influence on transplant success and survival of trees. Pure mulches derived from the common hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna JACQ),

and common cherry (Prunus avium L.) increased survival rates of European beech (Fagus sylvatica L.) from 10 to 70% following containerisation and under field conditions enhanced fruit tree crown volume and fruit yield by 53 and 100% compared to nonmulched trees. Disease suppressive effects may also relate to allelochemicals released as mulches degrade. For example, allelopathetic testing of water soluble extracts of pure mulches derived from hawthorn, cherry, silver birch, English and evergreen oak positively increased pea seed germination, relative growth rate and photosynthetic efficiency of established seedlings. A pure mulch derived from willow (Salix) will be the focus of attention for this study. Willow tissue is naturally high in salicylic acid a powerful stimulator of plan defence pathways. Indeed application of salicylic acid to plants has been shown to confer resistance against several plant pathogens to include early blight of potato (Alternaria solani), powdery mildew (Erysiphe cichoracearum), tobacco mosaic virus, fire blight (Erwinia amylovora), Sclerotinia sclerotiorum and Phytophthora palmivora.

Case Study: Apple scab (*Venturia inaequalis*)

The trial site consisted of a 1.5 ha block of apple cv. Crown Gold (an apple scab sensitive species) with individual trees of Red Delicious and Gala as pollinators. Planting distances were based on a 3 by 3 m spacing with the trees trained as a bush shaped tree to an average height of 2.0 to 2.5 metres. Historically the trial site suffered heavily from apple scab on an annual basis. Consequently prior to the trial commencing trees were inspected the year before and only those trees rated with 50-80% of leaves affected,



representing severe foliar discolouration and scab infection were used in the trial. Treatments were applied to a soil depth of 20-30 cm using an airspade in early February (Photograph 2) with the exception of a pure willow bark mulch which was applied to the soil surface at a depth of 10 cm. As an industrial comparative the synthetic fungicide

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penconzole was applied at bud break, early flowering, 90% petal fall and early fruitlet as a foliar spray until run-off using a hand-sprayer at manufacturers recommended rate (1.0ml penconazole per litre of water): Soil amendments (i.e. treatments used): i) Chitin (5% by soil volume i.e. 1:19 ratio), ii) Biochar, (5% by soil volume), iii) Chitin (2.5% by soil volume) + Biochar (2.5% by soil volume), iv) Willow Mulch, v) Willow Mulch + Chitin (5% by volume), vi) Willow Mulch + Biochar (5%

by volume), vii) Willow Mulch + Chitin (2.5% by volume) + Biochar (2.5% by volume), viii) Non- amended soil



(controls), ix) Fungicide (penconazole) spray. Photograph 3 shows the degree of scab severity on recorded on nontreated control leaves compared with leaves on a tree where the soil was amended with biochar + chitin (Photograph 4) and leaves on a tree that were sprayed four times with a synthetic fungicide (Photograph 5) at the end of the 2016

growing season In summary, photograph 4 shows that soil amendments that promote tree defence systems provided a significant degree of protection against apple scab, however,



control generally was less effective than that achieved with four sprays of a standard fungicide (penconazole). However, results do show that these soil amendments work under field conditions and potentially offer a potential management strategy of apple scab. If, however, a zeroscab policy is adopted then

application with conventional synthetic fungicides would be required. Alternately with ornamental apples which are grown and planted for aesthetic reasons within town and city landscapes lower scab levels are generally acceptable as the fruit is not eaten. In addition, these soil amendments can be incorporated into an integrated control system and/ or be used preventatively to bolster general plant health. In these instances, the reductions in scab severity recorded in this investigation may warrant the use of soil amendments as an alternative or compliment to conventional synthetic fungicides.

Conclusions

Studies to date suggest that use of the soil amendments outlined above offers potential alternatives for help in managing a broad spectrum of economically important foliar and root fungal diseases of urban trees. Many of the products used here are waste or by-products of industry (chitin, biochar, wood chip mulch) which present a "green" environmentally benign approach to pest and disease management. It is also important to emphasise that these products should not be used as a "stand alone" treatment for pest and disease management. Management should also rely on promoting tree vitality and alleviating all forms of stress where possible. Aftercare is always critical to pest and disease management. This should include: - Frequent inspections for health and structural issues; - Soil de-compaction if required; - Monitoring of soil moisture to protect against over and under irrigation; -Prescription fertilisation for optimal tree nutrition; - Mulching the critical root zone

Select References

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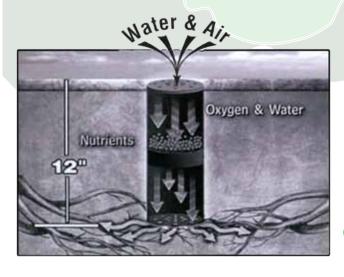
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Adopting New Management Strategies to Reduce the Invasive **Formosan Subterranean Termite** in Urban Trees in Jacksonville

The Formosan termite, Coptotermes formosanus, a native of Asia, has been in Florida since 1980. With changing environments and movement of wood, these invasive termites have spread throughout the southeastern US threatening historic structures and communities across the southeastern states. Once this termite has infested an area, it has never been successfully eradicated. Damage from subterranean Formosan termites can be quite extensive due Author with Formosan termite "carton" nest (a mixture of termite fecal matter and trees and will consume sound wood, leaving paper-thin pieces behind.

Formosan termites were catapulted into the spotlight in Jacksonville in the summer of 2016 when the Cummer Museum of Art and Gardens made the decision that it would have to destroy their 89-year-old building because of substantial termite damage. The museum had invested \$7 million in the structure and it was listed on the National Register of Historic Places. The museum estimated it would have to invest

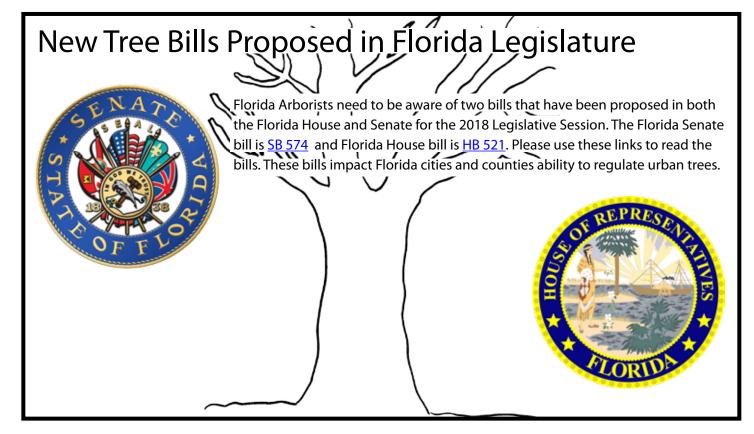


to their large colony size. They will happily infest living wood fragments) that was removed from a tree stump.ptured Termites on a Glue Board

a total of \$10 million to correct the structural damage done by the termites. The loss of this historic structure, economic impact on the museum, and potential for future losses of historical structures sparked community interest.

As a result of this interest, the University of Florida Extension in Duval County and the City of Jacksonville, partnered to form the Jacksonville Formosan Termite Task Force. Members include UF Extension faculty, several depart-

Subterranean continued on page 11



Subterranean continued from page 10



Formosan Termite Soldiers

ments from the City of Jacksonville, the Mayor's Office, pest management professionals, real estate associations, historic preservation groups, the Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, urban foresters, and the Jacksonville Electric Authority. The goal is to educate residents through a community-

wide effort about the identification and detection of wood destroying organisms, including the invasive Formosan subterranean termite, while providing a research-based integrated approach to reducing these pests to maintain our urban tree canopy.

Trees on city property are the major focus of the task force. For the last year, volunteers and task force members have been inspecting trees throughout the historic Riverside area to monitor termite populations. As part of the city's tree inventory, trees with potential termite infestations have been recorded in addition to tree species, location, and health. These surveying projects will help guide the task force in creating recommendations for landowners in Jacksonville and also help the city develop protocol when a tree on city property is identified as having Formosan subterranean termites.

Formosan termites swarm in late April to the beginning of August. Colonies swarm when they have reached a large size, so swarming events can give a basic idea of possible areas with termite populations you might not normally notice and how large the colonies are at the time. Through community support, the UF Extension Office in Duval County was able to partner with Jacksonville Mosquito Control, Jacksonville Electric Authority, the Jacksonville Fire and Rescue Department, and volunteers to install and monitor 130 Formosan subterranean termite monitoring stations throughout Jacksonville.

The monitor stations were constructed of glue boards mounted on clipboards that were then attached to light poles and distributed to all Jacksonville Fire and Rescue Stations throughout Duval County. Stations were placed as close as possible to lights because when termites swarm they are attracted to bright lights. Each week the glue board was switched out for a new one and the termites were counted and identified. The intent of the project was to map the spread of the invasive Formosan termite and determine where in the county they are currently found. An interactive map of the results can be found at http://duval.ifas.ufl.edu/termites.shtml. The most heavily infested areas seem to be the historic downtown areas near the river and areas near city parks and historic cemeteries where there are a number of large, older trees.



Author with Formosan termite "carton" nest (a mixture of termite fecal matter and wood fragments) that was removed from a tree stump.

Subterranean continued on page 12



Subterranean continued from page 11



Captured Termites on a Glue Board

This data, in coniunction with the tree inventories. will help City of Jacksonville develop a treatment plan. Currently, the city is moving forward developing a management plan which will include treating trees city-owned right-of-ways and city parks. Because other factors such as age, disease pressure, safety, and future plan-

ning also need to be considered when deciding which trees to treat, this program will be an on-going partnership between city foresters and the pest management company hired to treat the trees. We are hoping the data from the tree inventory will also be able to guide future tree installation decisions. However, it seems species may have less to do



Termite damage in oak tree

with whether the termites will infest the tree versus other stress factors, such as availability to moisture and age of the tree.

We believe this program will be successful in Jacksonville because of the community-wide approach. It is heavily grassroots driven and is important to local government. Other similar programs throughout the country have been examined and consulted, so that we are using the best

methods from each program. We continue to receive help and guidance from the New Orleans Mosquito, Termite, and Rodent Control Board, LSU Extension, and FAMU. This is truly a program that is bringing together concerned citizens, government, UF extension and research faculty, industry, government agencies, and preservation groups to address an

invasive pest that is doing significant economic damage in our community and forever changing our urban tree canopy. For more information about the Jacksonville Formosan Termite Task Force, please contact the author, Erin Harlow at eeeek@ufl.edu. Erin Harlow is the UF/IFAS Commercial Horticulture Extension Agent in Duval County.

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Florida Chapter International Society of Arboriculture and Florida Urban Forestry Council



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Green Industry Contributes More Than \$20B to Florida Economy: Up 19 Percent From 2000

By: Brad Buck, University of Florida bradbuck@ufl.edu

GAINESVILLE, Fla. --- Florida's environmental horticulture industry is recovering from the recession of 2007 to 2009, and it is growing in many sectors, with \$21.8 billion in annual economic contributions. This is an increase of 19.2 percent from 2000, a new University of Florida report shows.

The environmental horticulture industry, or the "green industry," includes landscaping, nurseries, greenhouses, wholesale and retail distributors and allied manufacturing, said Alan Hodges, an Extension scientist in the UF/IFAS food and resource economics department. Those "allied" industries include firms that produce fertilizers, chemicals, mulches and other products people use in their landscapes and nurseries, Hodges said.

"The green industry has rebounded from the recession very well due to growing incomes and consumer demand for plants in other states. Additionally, housing and commercial development in Florida is on the uptick again," he said.

Hodges led the group of researchers who produced the annual report on the economic impact of environmental horticulture in Florida.

That <u>UF/IFAS</u> report presents information from a survey of the industry for 2015, and extends findings from previous studies for 2000, 2005 and 2010. To gather the data, UF/IFAS economists surveyed 1,546 Florida businesses.

In addition to overall economic contributions, UF/IFAS economists estimated the industry employs 232,648 full-and part-time workers. Direct employment in the nursery

and landscaping industries increased 13.5 percent since 2000, though it declined by 17.2 percent from 2010 to 2015 due to the overall economic trend in workforce reduction.

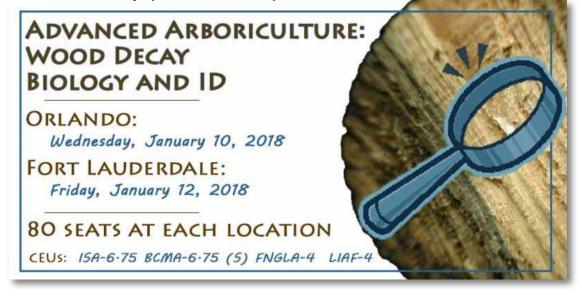
Economic contributions include "multiplier effects," such as indirect employment, wages, food, utilities and more that researchers count as part of the ornamental horticulture's overall impact on Florida's economy. For instance, when nursery workers get paid, they spend their money on groceries and other necessities. Researchers include those expenses in the economic contributions, Hodges said.

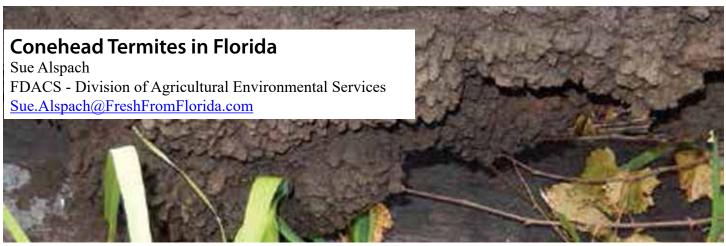
As for specific sectors, economic contributions in landscaping went up by 49 percent, and wholesale and retail distribution increased by 209 percent -- though nurseries went down by 49 percent, according to the report.

Survey respondents reported sales of \$1.2 billion in 2015, while UF/IFAS researchers estimated total industry sales at \$10.7 billion by extrapolating the average sales reported by survey respondents to reflect the population of all businesses.

Respondents reported spending nearly \$50 million in investments in 2015, while they expect to invest nearly \$90 million from 2016 to 2018.

"The green industry is making big investments in nursery buildings, equipment and information technology to become more productive and remain competitive in the global market," Hodges said. •





The

FDACS is attempting to locate all populations of conehead termites in Florida so that we can eradicate the termite before it spreads further in Florida. To that end, we are reaching out to appropriate forums to help us educate Florida's residents, landowners, natural area managers, and others on how to identify a cone-



head infestation and where to report possible sightings. Arborists are particularly appropriate for sharing this information with since the conehead termite is an arboreal species which builds readily visible tunnels and nests on trees.

only known populations of conehead termites in the entire United States are in Broward County – one in Dania Beach and one in Pompano Beach - but there may be additional populations in Florida that have not yet been discovered. Conehead termites are native to Central America and northern South America and to many of the islands in the Caribbean.

Click here for a brochure describing the program or click the link to visit the FDACS webpage with further information. Conehead Termite Program / Termites / Protect Your Home from Pests / Health and Safety / Consumer Resources / Home - Florida Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services.

In The News

FLORIDA MINIMUM WAGE INCREASE



On January 1, 2018, Florida's hourly minimum wage rises 15 cents to \$8.25 per hour. In 2004, Florida voters approved a constitutional amendment requiring our state to annually adjust the rate based on the federal Consumer Price Index. While Florida's

minimum wage can go up, it can never go down. This is the second consecutive minimum wage bump. Florida employers must pay at least the state or federal minimum rate whichever is higher. Since Florida's rate is higher than the federal \$7.25 rate, you must pay at least the Florida \$8.25 hourly rate beginning January 1, 2018. Be sure your pay scale and business plan for next year reflect this adjustment.

WORKER'S COMPENSATION RATE DECREASE - MAYBE

A welcome decrease in workers' compensation rate appears



increasingly likely. As the rating agency for most of Florida's insurance carriers, the National Council on Compensation Insurance is proposing an average 9.3% premium rate drop. The good news is NCCI says this proposed rate decrease is the result of

increased workplace safety. However, it does not reflect the potentially spiraling future impact of recent court decisions which removed the cap on attorneys' fees. So, any welcome rate decrease might just be temporary. Stay tuned. Source: FNGLA

IRS TAX RELIEF



The title is a bit unusual even for Washington, yet the relief is real. Congress recently passed, and President Trump signed into law, "The Disaster Tax Relief and Airport and Airway Extension Act of 2017." It provides targeted tax relief for those im-

pacted by Hurricanes Harvey, Irma and Maria. Among its many provisions, the law allows:

- Uncompensated personal casualty losses do not need to exceed 10% of adjusted gross income in order to qualify for deduction;
- Deductions do not need to be itemized to access this tax relief;
- An exception to the 10% early retirement plan withdrawal penalty for qualified hurricane relief distributions
- · Flexibility for loans from retirement plans for

- qualified hurricane relief;
- Limitations are temporarily suspended on charitable contribution deductions associated with qualified hurricane relief made before December 31, 2017;
- A tax credit for 40% of wages (up to \$6,000 per employee) paid by a disaster-affected employer to each employee from a core disaster area

The above is a partial listing of the tax relief provisions available to many Florida businesses and residents. To determine the tax relief opportunities for which you may be eligible, do not rely on those listed above. Contact your accountant or tax attorney. And, here are two helpful tax relief links:

>> Access IRS Tax Relief Info for Hurricane Irma �



Hurricane Irma and Tree Canopy Loss: How Did This Happen?

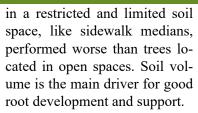
Henry Mayer, UF/IFAS Urban Commercial Horticulture Extension Agent and Claudia Alzate, Superintend Miami Dade County Parks, Recreation and Open Spaces Right of Way Aesthetic and Assets Management Division (R.A.A.M)



Lack of soil space

When hurricane Irma hit South Florida on September 10th, we did not know what to expect. After the high winds ceased, many of us found ourselves with no power, damaged buildings and vehicles, and significant tree damage. How much tree canopy did we lose? I don't know the exact number, but I can assure you that

it was a lot! Why did this happen? Is this the normal outcome after every storm or hurricane? It was sad to see many big and old trees uprooted. The answer is not simple, but it appears that it was due to a combination of factors:



3.-Drainage is very important! Unfortunately, the physical characteristics of the urban soils in south Florida are not ideal for normal tree growth. It is common to find very compacted Circling roots



soils with poor drainage, that prevent the roots to grow as needed.



Shallow roots and compact soil.

1. - Species selection does count! Many mahoganies (Swietenia mahagoni) sea grapes (Coccoloba uvifera) silver buttonwood (Conocarpus erectus var. sericeus) ficus (Ficus spp.); copperpod (Peltophorum pterocarpum), wild tamarind (Lysiloma latisiliquum), royal poinciana (Delonix regia) pongam (Pongamia pinnata), laurel oak (Quercus laurifolia) black olive (Bucida buceras), Cassia, (Cas-

sia surattensis), hong kong orchid (Bauhinia x blakeana), tabebuia (Tabebuia spp.) and other, performed poorly, I found several trees snapped in half, heaved over, and toppled.

4.- The quality of the root system makes a huge difference! Many of the uprooted and leaning trees had circling and girdling roots! The trees' "life insurance" policy consists in developing a good support system. Unfortunately, if the trees were planted with circling roots many years ago, they don't have the capacity to fix the problem. Trees graded Florida #1 or better will be better survivors during the next hurricane.

5.- Maintenance is key! Many codominant trunks split at the weak point. This is not a surprise! Species like mahoganies, cassias, black olives, wild tamarind, sea grapes and others require regular structural pruning. At least one pruning every 24 months.

6.- Trees are better protected when they are together! When the space is available, trees must be planted in groups in order to resist the wind better.

As you can see, there are many variables that come together in order to answer the question why so many trees fell down. Selecting the wrong species, with poor quality root systems, in restricted and compacted Codominant defect



soils, with poor drainage, with little or no maintenance, is a recipe for disaster. I know we can do better! Quality planting is more important that quantity! One tree at a time. Trees deserve it, they have rights! ❖

Some other, like bald cypress (*Taxodium distichum*), live oak



(Quercus virginiana), dahoon holly (*Ilex cassine*), royal palm (Roystonea elata), ironwood (Krugeodendrum ferrum), sabal palm (Sabal palmetto),. pigeon plum (Coccoloba diversifolia), stoppers (Eugenia spp.); and others performed better. These observations were made by myself and other colleagues and are not the result of research – just observations!

Girdling roots

2.- Soil volume does count! Large trees that were planted

Huracán Irma y la Perdida de Arboles, ¿Cómo Sucedió Esto?

Henry Mayer, UF/IFAS Urban Commercial Horticulture Extension Agent and Claudia Alzate, Superintendent Miami Dade County Parks, Recreation and Open Spaces Right of Way Aesthetic and Assets Management Division (R.A.A.M)



Lack of soil space

Cuando el huracán Irma azotó el sur de la Florida el 10 de septiembre, no sabíamos qué esperar. Después de que cesaron los fuertes vientos, muchos de nosotros nos encontramos sin energía, edificios y vehículos dañados y daños significativos a los árboles. ¿Cuánto cobertura arbórea se perdió? No sé el número exacto, pero puedo asegurarles que fue bastante.

¿Por qué pasó esto? ¿Es este el resultado normal después de cada tormenta o huracán? Fue triste ver desarraigados muchos árboles grandes y viejos. La respuesta no es simple, pero parece que se debió a una combinación de factores:



Shallow roots and compact soil.

1.- ¡La selección de especies cuenta! Muchos mahoganies (Swietenia mahagoni) sea grapes (Coccoloba uvifera) silver buttonwood (Conocarpus erectus var. sericeus) ficus (Ficus spp.); copperpod (Peltophorum pterocarpum), wild tamarind (Lysiloma latisiliquum), royal poinciana (Delonix regia) pongam (Pongamia pinnata), laurel oak (Quercus laurifolia) black olive (Bucida buceras), Cassia, (Cas-

sia surattensis), hong kong orchid (Bauhinia x blakeana), tabebuia (Tabebuia spp.) y otros, se cayerón o rompierón, encontramos varios árboles partidos por la mitad, volteados y derribados.

Otros árboles como: bald cypress (Taxodium distichum), live oak (Quercus virginiana), dahoon holly (Ilex cassine), royal palm (Roystonea elata), ironwood (Krugeodendrum ferrum),



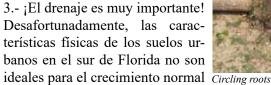
Girdling roots

sabal palm (Sabal palmetto), pigeon plum (Coccoloba diversifolia), stoppers (Eugenia spp.); y otros se comportarón mejor.

¡Estas observaciones son de mí mismo y de otros colegas y no son el resultado de investigación.

2.- ¡El volúmen del suelo sí cuenta! Los árboles que se plantarón en espacios restringidos y limita-

dos, como aceras, se comportarón peor que los árboles ubicados en espacios abiertos. El volumen del suelo es el principal impulsor para un buen desarrollo y soporte de la raíz.





de los árboles. Es común encontrar suelos muy compactados con drenaje pobre, que impiden que las raíces crezcan.

4.- ¡La calidad del sistema raíz hace una gran diferencia! ¡Muchos de los árboles desarraigados e inclinados tenían raices círculares! El "seguro de vida" de los árboles consiste en desarrollar un buen sistema de apoyo. Desafortunadamente, si los árboles fueron plantados con raíces circulares, éstos no tienen la capacidad de arreglar sus raices. Los árboles clasificados como Florida # 1 o Florida Fancy sobreviviran mejor el próximo huracán/ tormenta.

5.- ¡El mantenimiento es la clave! Muchos árboles con tallos codominantes se dividierón en el punto débil. ¡Esto no es una sorpresa! Especies como mahoganies, casias, black olives, lysilomas, sea grapes y otros requieren de poda estructural regularmente. Al menos una poda cada 24 meses.

6.- ¡Los árboles están mejor protegidos cuando están juntos! Cuando el espacio es disponible, los árboles deben plantarse en grupos para resistir mejor el viento.

Como pueden ver, hay muchas variables que se unen para responder a la pregunta de por qué se cayerón tantos árboles. Seleccionar las especies equivocadas, Codominant defect



con sistemas de raíces de mala calidad, en suelos restringidos y compactados, con drenaje deficiente, con poco o ningún mantenimiento, es una receta para el desastre. ¡Sé que podemos hacerlo mejor! ¡Sembrar menos árboles pero en mejores condiciones es mejor que sembrar muchos árboles en males condiciones! Un árbol a la vez! Los árboles lo merecen, ¡tienen derechos! ❖



To advertise in the Florida Arborist contact the Florida Chapter office at 941-342-0153.

Our electronic version of the Florida Arborist allows for an active link directly to your website!!

Single Issue advertising rates are as follows:
Full Page - \$250/issue
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Discounts for a commitment of 4 consecutive issues:
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Prices include one link from the ad to your website. Additional links are \$25/link per issue.

> call 941-342-0153 or email_*jan@floridaisa.or*g

Preserve Florida's Greatest Green Resource - Trees!



Consultant's Corner

by Joe Samnik, Expert Tree Consultant

WHEN IS A PALM FROND DANGEROUS?

A guest from a well-known and well-publicized hotel alleged he was struck by a falling palm frond. The hotel motioned for a summary judgment which was granted.



The guest appealed and the summary judgment was reversed.

In this personal injury action, a palm frond fell, striking and injuring a guest of the hotel. The trial court granted defendant's motion summary judgment on the grounds that plaintiff could not show that the defendant had actual or constructive knowledge of the danger from the fronds. Constructive

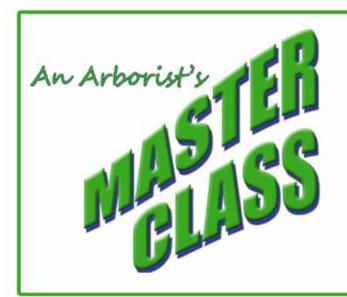
knowledge is that knowledge which somebody knew or should have known.

The evidence demonstrated that the subject palm tree, as well as other palm trees in the area, had fronds which were brown or were in the process of turning brown; dead or dying.

An expert for the plaintiff testified that browning palm fronds dipping below the horizontal plane present an identifiable risk of danger to those who come near them. Fronds turning brown are a sign of danger and aging, as is the dipping below the horizontal. Further testimony revealed that an owner or guest of this property could reasonably have known or foreseen that such affected palm fronds might detach and fall from the palm tree and thereby injure a person who was invited onto the property.

The ANSI A 300 standards allow for the removal of dead or dying parts of trees at any time. It seems a foregone conclusion, in a vacuum of knowledge, that a palm frond which is dead or dying should be removed from the subject palm tree immediately. ❖





North Florida:

FORT WALTON BEACH

Friday, December 8, 2017

FLYER>>

REGISTER>>

CEUs:

ISA - 7 BCMA - 1.75(M) and 5.25(P)

FNGLA-4 LIAF-4

Celebrating 15 Years of Empowering Science-Based Tree Care



Since 2002, TREE Fund has empowered research to address the tree care challenges you face, and education programs to inspire new tree stewards. Just as mature trees continue to require care, TREE Fund depends on faithful annual support. Help us celebrate 15 years of advancing tree care with a gift to our 15th Anniversary Appeal. Your support today will secure a better future for our community canopy.

Donate at treefund.org today.

































See our full partner list at treefund.org/about/our-partners



October 20, 2017

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President and CEOJ. Eric Smith

Contact 552 S Washington St, #109 Naperville, IL 60540 630-369-8300 TREEFund.org Dear ISA Friends.

As the leaves turn glorious colors across much of the nation this month, we find it a good time for pausing to consider TREE Fund's roots, which run deep and strong, anchoring us against challenges, both anticipated and unforeseen.

2017 marks the 15th anniversary of the trust agreement signed by esteemed industry titans. Allan West and Jerry Morey to create Tree Research and Education Endowment Fund ("TREE Fund"), and we celebrate their foresight in empowering a model that works effectively and efficiently to this day. But our roots go even deeper than that, as TREE Fund is the successor organization to the International Society of Arboriculture Research Trust (ISART, founded in 1976) and the National Arborist Foundation (NAF, 1985), which were established to formalize and streamline the acquisition of knowledge in the fields of arboriculture and urban forestry, and the professional training and certification of businesses and individuals who plan, plant, preserve and protect our crucial urban forests.

Tens of thousands of individuals and businesses have worked together and pooled their resources since those early organizational days to empower scientific advancements and disseminate findings to tree care professionals, municipalities, urban planners and architects, and to property owners and the general public. The power of such partnerships is profound, and has directly contributed a greater understanding of the role trees play in the urban biome, and their benefits to our shared community health, environment and economy.

Our organizational roots are healthy, and they are anchored in the good and fertile soil of scientific inquiry and exploration. But that does not mean our work is done: just as mature trees with strong roots require attention and care to respond to changing situations, so too does TREE Fund depend on faithful annual support for today's needs, even as we build endowments to secure our long-term work.

One of the 1976 signatures on the original ISART articles of incorporation read "Hyland R. Johns" – and we are honored that Hyland is joining us as co-Chair of our 15th Anniversary Appeal. Please join us in supporting TREE Fund with a gift of \$150 or whatever you can contribute to commemorate this milestone, empower our staff today, and push for our next decade of transformational operations from a position of financial health and stability. Thank you for your consideration. We appreciate it, and it will make a difference.

With gratitude and best regards,

Hyland R. Johns
Founding ISART Trustee

J. Eric Smith TREE Fund President/CEO

FLORIDA CHAPTER TREE CLIMBING CHAMPIONSHIP



2018 FCTCC Arbor Fair Chair: Julie Iooss, <u>Julie.Iooss@cityoforlando.net</u> FCTCC Climbing Chair: Adam Jackson, <u>adam.jackson@davey.com</u>

Contact the Committee members above if you have any questions about competing or volunteering, or being an exhibitor or a sponsor! We all look forward to seeing Florida's best climbers compete for the opportunity to represent the Florida Chapter at the International Tree Climbing Championship in 2018.

CLIMBERS GET READY TO SHOWCASE YOUR SKILLS!

Register early - climbing spots are limited.

Click here for the Climber Forms.

FEES:

- \$75.00 Florida Chapter Member *Winner of the Florida Chapter TCC will need to be a member of International ISA in order to compete at the International TCC
- \$125.00 Non-Member **includes Florida Chapter membership for 12 months!

MAIL, EMAIL, OR FAX the REGISTRATION FORM, WAIVER FORM & PAYMENT TO:

Florida Chapter ISA 7853 S. Leewynn Court Sarasota, FL 34240 FAX: 941-342-0163

(make checks payable to Florida Chapter ISA or include ALL credit card

information)

Volunteers

Volunteers are needed for site preparation, event assistance and judging.

<u>Click Here for Volunteer</u>

<u>Forms.</u>

Sponsors

Sponsors are greatly appreciated at our annual event!

Monetary and/or Gear donations are accepted. Click Here for Sponsor Forms.

EXHIBITORS

Join us on Saturday for a full day of exhibiting.

<u>Click Here for Exhibitor Forms</u>

Growth Rings in the New Year

What would the TREE Fund's 2016 annual growth ring tell you about our nonprofit organism if you peeked inside?

Awarding more and bigger grants

Adding more programs

Opening the circle to new donors

Injecting new revenue streams



Donate to the TREE Fund today!

> Online: www.treefund.org By phone: 630-369-8300

By mail: TREE Fund 552 S. Washington St. Ste. 109 Naperville, IL 60540

We're setting the stage for transformative growth in 2017. With your support, growth can ring in the New Year from day one.











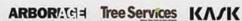
















THE NEXT GENERATION OF TREE I.V. HAS ARRIVED





FAST

First ever 120 PSI injection system



EFFICIENT

Lightweight and easy turn valves allow for total control



RELIABLE

Hex PDS Technology distributes product evenly to parallel injection lines



FLEXIBLE

1.5L or 650mL - Choose the right bottle for your tree



EASY FILL

Quickly add product without removing cap



PRODUCTIVE

Maximize output with 6 lines, or use 12 with the built-in expansion system



News From International

ISA Donates \$56,000 to TREE Fund

During the ISA Annual Leadership Workshop, Presidentelect Pedro Mendes Castro presented to TREE Fund President and CEO J. Eric Smith ISA's 2017-18 donation of \$56,000 for the support of research and its dissemination for healthier trees and more sustainable communities. >> Read more

ANSI Z133 Updates

As the 2017 revision of the Z133 Standard (Safety Requirements for Arboricultural Operations) is now completed and available for purchase, the new Accredited Standards Committee for the 2022 revision of the Z133 is in the process of being seated. And, check out the sharp, new "Z" logo! >> Read more

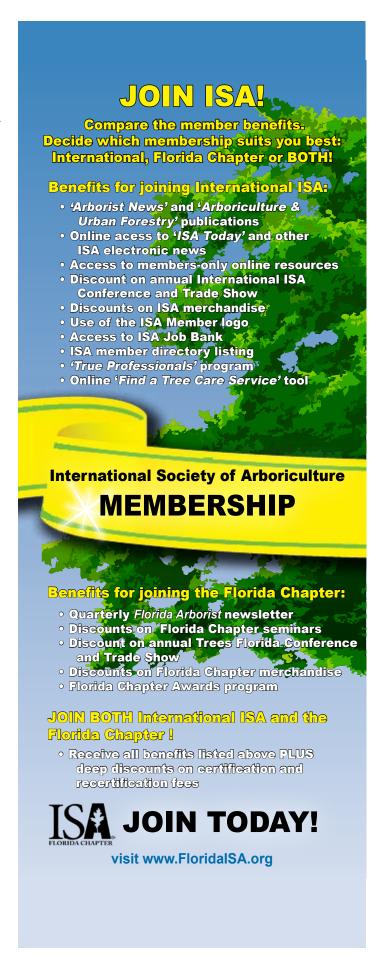
TRAQ Renewal Information

Effective September 15, 2017, the time period for renewal of a Tree Risk Assessment Qualification (TRAQ) begins 18 months prior to the credential holder's expiration date. >> Read more

Tree Fund Update

In the October issue of TREE Fund Bulletin, read Dr. Whitney Cranshaw's study, *Improving management tools for drippy blight of red oaks*, which was partially funded by a John Z. Duling Grant. Don't miss this bulletin's announcement of a free TREE Fund webinar on November 30 by Dr. Andrew Hirons, *Drought Tolerance in Trees — Improving Tree Selection for Challenging Urban Sites*. And read more about TREE Fund fundraising activities.❖







OUR TEAM

JOHN HOLZAEPFEL, CA, ACF, CF (352)238-0917

ERIC HOYER, CA, RCA, CF (863)670-0734

CHARLIE MARCUS, CA

JAY VOGEL, CA (352)238-0458

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Planning Promotion

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2018 Certification Exam Schedule

The FLORIDA CHAPTER of ISA is pleased to announce our 2018 schedule of Certification exams. See the chart below for the site nearest you.

Date	Exam/ Class	Location	Time	Proctor or Instructors	Last Date to Register	Cost Member/
						Nonmem
Jan. 12, 2018	ISA Certified Arborist, Utility Specialist, and Municipal Specialist Exam	Leon County UF- IFAS Exension, Tallahassee, FL	9:00 AM to noon	Stan Rosenthal and TBD	Minimum 12 business days prior	\$170/ \$280

Watch for exams to be scheduled in February and April, 2018. Click <u>here</u> to view all currently available exams. The ISA Certified Arborist exam is now available at Pearson Testing Centers throughout Florida with an additional test center fee. See the ISA International web site <u>www.isa-arbor.com</u> for more information.

This schedule is subject to change as additional tests and review sessions may be added. Visit www.floridaisa.org for updates.

For an application form to register for an exam call the ISA Office in Champaign, IL at 888-472-8733.

To purchase an ISA Certification Study Guide, call the Florida Chapter ISA at 941-342-0153 or fax an order form to 941-342-0463.

The ISA International office in Champaign, IL must receive your application and exam fees AT LEAST TWELVE BUSINESS DAYS before the exam date. NO EXCEPTIONS. (The ISA International office is closed New Year's Eve, New Year's Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and the day after, and Christmas week.) First-time applicants can apply online at www.isa-arbor.com.

PREPAYMENT IS REQUIRED VISA/MC/AMEX accepted. US FUNDS ONLY

Florida Chapter ISA - 2018 Education Schedule

*The schedule below is tentative and subject to changes.

<u>Date</u>	Seminar/Class	Location (s)	Open for Registration
December 8, 2017	An Arborist's Master Class	Ft. Walton Beach	Register Online
January 10, 2018	Advanced Arboriculture - Wood Decay	Orlando	Register Online
January 12, 2018	Advanced Arboriculture - Wood Decay	Fort Lauderdale	Register Online
February 2018	Outdoor Tree School (re- scheduled from fall 2017)	Orlando	
March 2018	Sustainable Landscapes	Tampa	
April 2018	2-day Arboriculture Short Course with Ed Gilman	Orlando	
May 2018	Plant Health Care	Largo, West Palm Beach	
June 11-13, 2018	Trees Florida 2018	Sanibel Harbour, Fort Myers	

Welcome!

New Florida Chapter Members

Here are the individuals that joined the Florida Chapter during the third quarter of 2017. If you see a name from your area of the state, look up their phone number online* and give them a call. Introduce yourself and find out what aspect of arboriculture the new member is involved in. Let's make the Florida Chapter friendlier. We're all working in different ways for the same goals. Get to know other Chapter members. You might make some helpful connections for the future.

Josue Alvarado, Miami, FL Kevin Bradberry, Tallahassee, FL Stephen Briggs, Champions Gate, FL Autumn Briggs, Champions Gate, FL Simone Brown, Lakewood Ranch, FL Indyli Brown, Sunrise, FL Michael Diemer, Howey In The Hills, FL Lyzabeth Fiore, Oakland Park, FL Caleb Fletcher, Saint Augustine, FL Chad Gregg, Orlando, FL Aaron Hallett, Fort Lauderdale, FL Harold Hansen III, Ridge Manor, FL Shannon Harry, Palmetto Bay, FL Ben Henry, Fort Myers, FL Tylor Hudson, Crawfordville, FL David Juchnowicz, Sarasota, FL Kevin Kaulbars, Naples, FL Esperanza Kelly, Miami, FL Kenneth Layel, McLean, VA Evon Leach, Satsuma, FL Sol Looker, Bunnell, FL Shelby McCullough, Orlando, FL

Matthew Melvin, Miami, FL
Carmen Mendez-Mackesy, Miami, FL
Christopher Rocklyn, North Miami, FL
Jacqueline Rodriguez, Miami, FL
Heath Swihart, Sarasota, FL
Clinton Thomas, Winter Park, FL
Laura Tooley, Fort Lauderdale, FL
John Tutton, Orlando, FL
Alison Walker, Miami, FL
William Webb, Deland, FL

*Go to http://www.isa-arbor.com, then go to "Members Only" and log in. Then go to ISA membership directory. If you do not know your log in for members only, contact ISA headquarters at (888) 472-8733. Once you log in, you can update your address, check your CEU's, edit or verify Certified Arborist information and search the membership list.

Letters to the Editor

We welcome your thoughts about Florida Arborist articles, about your Florida Chapter, or about tree issues in general.

Email your letters to: jan@floridaisa.org

or mail to: Florida Chapter - ISA 7853 S. Leewynn Court Sarasota, FL 34240

Please remember: Letters should be no longer than 300 words. We reserve the right to condense letters, or to edit as necessary.

An invitation to all members to attend a

Board of Directors Meeting!
Call 941-342-0153
for specific times and locations

Up-coming 2017 Board Meeting - Dates & LocationsDecember 14, 2017 - Orlando

Arborist Certification Committee Report

By Norm Easey, Florida Certification Liaison

There is currently one ISA certification exam scheduled in Florida during the fourth quarter of 2017. <u>Click here to watch for future dates.</u> The ISA Certified Arborist exam is now available at Pearson Testing Centers throughout Florida. See the ISA International website <u>www.isa-arbor.com</u> for more information about the various ISA arborist credentials and how to earn them.

Florida Chapter currently has 1943 Certified Arborists.

The Florida Chapter would like to congratulate the following 19 Florida or Florida Chapter individuals for earning their certifications as: Certified Arborist, and Utility Specialist:

Certified Arborist

Kathryn Bongarzone, Pompano Beach, FL Joyce Brown, Mount Dora, FL Clayton Lee Cantley, Tallahassee, FL Abdias Dalisma, North Lauderdale, FL Terra Freeman, Saint Augustine, FL Sherri French, Wesley Chapel, FL Steven Grant, North Port, FL Neil Christian Greishaw, Gainesville, FL Ron Lamneck, Lake Worth, FL Chase Lunn, Jupiter, FL Nicholas Myers, Saint Petersburg, FL Elder Ripper, CLERMONT, FL Mark Allan Templeton, Naples, FL Clinton Thomas, Winter Park, FL Adelle Tucker, Oldsmar, FL Paul William Urbanek, Jr., Wimauma, FL Andrea Walker, Pompano Beach, FL Gregory White, Coral Gables, FL



Utility Specialist

Jerry C. Locke, Sneads, FL

Are you thinking about becoming certified?

Visit the International ISA website

To access the certification application handbook with further information.

CLICK HERE TO VIEW EXHIBITOR RULES

EXHIBITOR FORM: Saturday onlyFlorida Chapter Tree Climbing Championship

See www.floridaisa.org for full details on dates, location and due date. Fill out and send this Exhibitor Form; the park may require further items.



Please PRINT or TYPE:

Contact Name		
Company		
Address		
City	State	Zip
Phone #	EMail Address	
Please list the names of the individuals (and representatives per exhibitor booth for <i>Satu</i>		nting your company (registration is for two
Name on badge 1		Tee Shirt size
Name on badge 2		Tee Shirt size
Lunch preference: ☐ Regular lunch ☐	Vegetarian lunch	
TREE CLIMBING CHAMPIC	NSHIP & FIELD DAY E	XHIBITOR OPPORTUNITIES
 Exhibitor BREAKSOWN is when cor Exhibitors provided space for one Exhibitors will be provided on-site 	am to 9:00 am on Saturday, the mo mpetition ends or 30 minutes befor (1) large truck or two (2) small piec signage and recognition in the Field egarding active selling of goods and	rning of the climbing preliminary event. re sunset es of equipment, or an outdoor display. d Day program
I have read the terms and conditions of this Field Day Exhibition rules and agree to them Print Name	accordingly.	a Chapter ISA Tree Climbing Championship & Date
	MONETARY PAYMEN	NT
	Exp C	
* IN-KIN	ND EQUIPMENT, GEAR C	OR PRIZES *
If you plan to include gear or prizes for the T please describe your item(s) below and inclushipping items: jan@floridaisa.org	CC as part of your payment, or in a	ddition to your exhibitor space registration,
MAIL FORM OR ITEMS TO: Florida Chapter or SCAN/EMAIL or FAX to: jan@floridaisa.	r ISA - 7853 S Leewynn Court - org FAX: 941-342-0463 F	Sarasota, FL 34240 PHONE: 941-342-0153

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CLICK HERE TO VIEW SPONSOR BENEFITS

SPONSOR FORM: Sponsorship Levels listed on next page Florida Chapter Tree Climbing Championship

See www.floridaisa.org for full details on dates, location and due date. Fill out and send this Sponsor Form.

Read details regarding sponsor benefit levels.

THANK YOU
OF THE STREET
Sponsor

Please PRINT or TYPE:	
Name	
Company	
Address	
City State Zip	
Phone # ()	
EMail Address (for contacting and to send a receipt)	
MONETARY DONATION	
Amount \$	
☐ Check enclosed (Make out to Florida Chapter ISA)	
☐ Cash Enclosed ☐ Credit Card ☐ VISA ☐ MasterCard ☐ Discover	
Card Number	
Exp. Date 3 or 4 digit Card Code	
Exact name on card	
Card billing address	
Card billing City/State/Zip	
Your receipt will be emailed to you (please provide an email address above).	
PLEASE SEND YOUR MONETARY DONATION WITH THIS DONATION FORM MAIL: Florida Chapter ISA - 7853 S Leewynn Court - Sarasota, FL 34240 PHONE: 941-342-0153 FAX: 941-342-0463 EMAIL: floridaisa@comcast.net (you may submit this form as an email attachment)	TO:
DONATION OF EQUIPMENT, GEAR OR PRIZES	
Please describe your donation below. Include a monetary value if you would like a receipt to be emailed (please provide an email address above).	to you
TC/	8
	4

PLEASE SEND YOUR **DONATED ITEM(S)** WITH THIS DONATION FORM TO: BY MAIL, FED EX or UPS: Adam Jackson - 2111 Edmands Place - Apopka, FL 32703

CLIMBER ENTRY FORM (Limited to 40 climbers: max of 4 from out-of-state) Florida Chapter Tree Climbing Championship and Field Day

Florida Chapter Tree Climbing Championship and Field Day See www.floridaisa.org for full details on dates, location and due date. Fill out and send BOTH this climber form AND the climber waiver.



SPACE IS LIMITED/FIRST-come, First-serve	! "	CHECK DUE D	PATE ON WWW.	rioridaisa.org
Name				
Company				
Address				
City	State		Zip	
Phone # ()	T-Shirt size	(register early so we	can provide your reque	ested size)
$\label{thm:eq:email} \mbox{EMail Address} \ \ \mbox{(for contacting and to send a}$	receipt)			
Gender: ☐ Male ☐ Female				
Lunch preference: Regular lunch	Vegetari	an lunch		
OPTIONAL	EDUCATI	ONAL EVE	NT	
The Outdoor Tree School is being offered on Frida registered competitors. Space may be limited - w See www.floridaisa.org for location and time Registration fees for non-competitors to attend class: \$	e cannot alwa	ys guarantee ava	ailable space.	F CHARGE to all
 YES! You plan to attend the Outdoor Tree □ Regular lunch □ NO, you do NOT plan to attend the Outdoor 	arian lunch	•	a climber.	
REGIS	STRATIO	N FEES		
\$75 - Florida Chapter ISA member p \$125 - nonmember price **includes) in Florida Cha	apter ISA for 1	year
Check enclosed (Make out to Florida	Chapter ISA	١)		
☐ Cash Enclosed☐ Credit Card☐ VISA☐ M	lasterCard	□ Discover		
**If you are not comfortable emailing your o			fax mail or nh	one it in
Card Number			rax, man or priv	J.1.0 10 11.11
Exp. Date				
Exact name on card				
Card billing address				
Card billing city/state/zip				
Submit this Entry Form, th	ne Climber	Waiver form	n and navme	ent to:
MAIL: Florida Chapter ISA • 7853 S L				ISA FLORIDA CHAPTER

FC-TCC Tree Climbing Championship



/		198
	Please PRINT Clearly	_
Contestant's Name:		Age:
Address:	;	Zip:
Employed by:		
Phone: ()	Email:	
Number of years yo	ou have climbed:	
	Waiver and Hold-Harmless by Contestant	
waive any and all con behalf of, or on property owner and guests, invitees, and or on behalf of, or oin consequence of n Climbing Champion its officers, director defense, settlement, way related to the C	acceptance of my application for entry as a contestant in the Climblaims I may have at anytime, and any and all claims which mit account of me, or by me, or by any person or entity in any wathe International Society of Arboriculture, its officers, directors, if any person who would be lawfully entitled to indemnification to account of me, for any injuries or damages of any kind whatsony activities or participation in the Climbing Championship, or inship. I further agree to hold the property owner and the Internations, employees, agents, members, guests and invitees, safe and has payment of damages, or other expenses related in any way to inclimbing Championship. I recognize and assume all risks and darnder any circumstances rely upon the care, attention or assurance to my safety.	ght otherwise be made by, of your as my subrogee against the employees, agents, members from them for any liability to be ever arising on account of on any other way related to the onal Society of Arboriculture armless from any expense for any expense fo
Dated	Signature of Contestant	
	Certification and Waiver by Employer of Contestant	t
individual planning participation. I furth protection levels of of participation. Th owner and the Inter or invitees, as a resu or otherwise on its b owner and the Inter and invitees safe and relating in any way	It I am the employer or a duly authorized representative of the east to participate in the Climbing Championship, and that the enter certify that I have satisfactorily confirmed that the employee Workers Compensation Insurance or the equivalent, for any in the employer hereby waives any and all subrogation claims it mational Society of Arboriculture, its officers, directors, employ alt of any compensation or their benefits or expenses incurred or probability in the event any claim or injury results from this participate mational Society of Arboriculture, its officers, directors, employ distributed by this employee. I further certify that I am duly authorized to fithe employer and that any and all necessary resolutions have be	imployer has encouraged this will be covered by statutory juries sustained in the course hay have against the properties, agents, members, guests add by it, its insurance carrier ion, and will hold the properties, agents, members, guests of damages and other expense execute this Certification and
The exact name and	address of the employer, and state of incorporation (if applicab	le):
Dated		

JUDGE & VOLUNTEER FORM Florida Chapter Tree Climbing Championship



See www.floridaisa.org for full details on dates, location and due date. Fill out and send BOTH this volunteer form AND the volunteer waiver.

Please PRINT or TYPE: Name _____ Company Address ____ City _____ State ____ Zip ____ Phone # (______) ____ T-Shirt size (volunteer early so we can provide your requested size) ___ EMail Address (for contacting) ____ ■ No Please list if yes: _____ Have you ever volunteered at any TCC event before? ☐ Yes □ No List year(s): Are you First Aid/CPR Certified? ☐ Yes □ No Do you have experience as a gear check technician? □ No List any specific qualifications or past experience: _____ Lunch preference: ☐ Regular lunch ☐ Vegetarian lunch THANK YOU FOR YOUR OFFER TO VOLUNTEER! I am able to help: as a judge with site pre-pruning with site preparation the week prior to competition with registration with timing and record keeping ■ with awards ☐ at the FC-TCC dinner on day of the competition Submit this Volunteer Form and the Volunteer Waiver form to: Florida Chapter ISA - 7853 S Leewynn Court - Sarasota, FL 34240 MAIL: PHONE: 941-342-0153 941-342-0463 FAX: EMAIL: jan@floridaisa.org (you may submit this form as an email attachment)

FC-TCC TREE CLIMBING CHAMPIONSHIP **VOLUNTEER WAIVER FORM**



Please PRINT Clearly	
Volunteer's Name:	
Address:Zip	o:
Employed by:	
Phone: () Email:	
Waiver and Hold-Harmless by Volunteer	
In consideration of acceptance of my offer to be a volunteer for the Climbing Championship, I he and all claims I may have at anytime, and any and all claims which might otherwise be made of, or on account of me, or by me, or by any person or entity in any way as my subrogee agai owner and the International Society of Arboriculture, its officers, directors, employees, agents, m invitees, and any person who would be lawfully entitled to indemnification from them for an on behalf of, or on account of me, for any injuries or damages of any kind whatsoever arising of in consequence of my activities or participation in the Climbing Championship, or in any othe the Climbing Championship. I further agree to hold the property owner and the International Striculture, its officers, directors, employees, agents, members, guests and invitees, safe and har expense for defense, settlement, payment of damages, or other expenses related in any way to in by me in any way related to the Climbing Championship. I recognize and assume all risks and on my participation, and will not under any circumstances rely upon the care, attention or assurother than myself for matters relating to my safety.	by, or on behalf nst the property nembers, guests, y liability to, or on account of or r way related to society of Arbo- mless from any njuries sustained danger involved
Dated Signature of Volunteer	
Certification and Waiver by Employer of Volunteer	
I hereby certify that I am the employer or a duly authorized representative of the employer of the individual planning to volunteer at the Climbing Championship, and that the employer has participation. I further certify that I have satisfactorily confirmed that the employee will be covered protection levels of Workers Compensation Insurance or the equivalent, for any injuries sustain of participation. The employer hereby waives any and all subrogation claims it may have again owner and the International Society of Arboriculture, its officers, directors, employees, agents, mor invitees, as a result of any compensation or their benefits or expenses incurred or paid by carrier, or otherwise on its behalf, in the event any claim or injury results from this participation the property owner and the International Society of Arboriculture, its officers, directors, employers, guests, and invitees safe and harmless from any expense for defense, settlement, paying and other expenses relating in any way by this employee. I further certify that I am duly authouthis Certification and Waiver on behalf of the employer and that any and all necessary resolution duly passed and adopted by the employer, and state of incorporation (if applicable):	encouraged this cred by statutory and in the course nst the property nembers, guests, it, its insurance in, and will hold ployees, agents, nent of damages rized to execute
The exact hame and address of the employer, and state of meorporation (if applicable).	
Dated	
Signature of Employer or Authorized Representative	
Mail, fax or email (you may submit as an email attachment) this completed volunteer waive	r form

along with the volunteer registration form to:

Florida Chapter ISA • 7853 S Leewynn Court • Sarasota, FL 34240

International Society of Arboriculture Florida Chapter



Our Mission: "To Promote and Improve the Scientifically Based Practice of Professional Arboriculture"

Arborist Code of Ethics

Strive for continuous self-development by increasing their qualifications and technical proficiency by staying abreast of technological and scientific developments affecting the profession.

Not misuse or omit material facts in promoting technical information, products or services if the effect would be to mislead or misrepresent.

Hold paramount the safety and health of all people, and endeavor to protect property and the environment in the performances of professional responsibilities.

Accurately and fairly represent their capabilities, qualifications and experience and those of their employees and/or agents.

Subscribe to fair and honest business practices in dealing with clients, suppliers, employees and other professionals.

Support the improvement of professional services and products through encouraging research and development.

Observe the standards and promote adherence to the ethics embodied in this code.

